AWWA Free Water Audit Software v5.0

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This spreadsheet-based water audit tool is designed to help quantify and track water losses associated with water distribution systems and identify areas for improved efficiency and cost recovery. It provides a "top-down" summary water audit format, and is not meant to take the place of a full-scale, comprehensive water audit format.

Auditors are strongly encouraged to refer to the most current edition of AWWA M36 Manual for Water Audits for detailed guidance on the water auditing process and targetting loss reduction levels

The spreadsheet contains several separate worksheets. Sheets can be accessed using the tabs towards the bottom of the screen, or by clicking the buttons below.

Plea	ase begin by providing the following information	The following guidance will help you complete the Audit
Name of Contact Person:	Theo Provencio	All audit data are entered on the Reporting Worksheet
Email Address:	tprovencio@cityofporthueneme.org	Value can be entered by user
Telephone Ext.:	805-986-6651	Value calculated based on input data
Name of City / Utility:	Port Hueneme Water Department	These cells contain recommended default values
City/Town/Municipality:	Port Hueneme	
State / Province:	California (CA)	Use of Option Pcnt: Value:
Country:	USA	(Radio) Buttons: 0.25% O
Year:	2019 Calendar Year	
		Select the default percentage by choosing the option button on the left To enter a value, choose this button and enter a value in the cell to the right
Audit Preparation Date:	9/28/2020	Off the left
Volume Reporting Units:	Acre-feet	
PWSID / Other ID:	5610009	

The following worksheets are available by clicking the buttons below or selecting the tabs along the bottom of the page

Instructions

The current sheet. Enter contact information and basic audit details (year, units etc)

Reporting Worksheet

Enter the required data on this worksheet to calculate the water balance and data grading

Comments

Enter comments to explain how values were calculated or to document data sources

Performance Indicators

Review the performance indicators to evaluate the results of the audit

Water Balance

The values entered in the Reporting Worksheet are used to populate the Water Balance

<u>Dashboard</u>

A graphical summary of the water balance and Non-Revenue Water components

Grading Matrix

Presents the possible grading options for each input component of the audit

Service Connection <u>Diagram</u>

Diagrams depicting possible customer service connection line configurations

Definitions

Use this sheet to understand the terms used in the audit process

Loss Control Planning

Use this sheet to interpret the results of the audit validity score and performance indicators

Example Audits

Reporting Worksheet and Performance Indicators examples are shown for two validated audits

Acknowledgements

Acknowledgements for the AWWA Free Water Audit Software v5.0

If you have questions or comments regarding the software please contact us via email at: wlc@awwa.org

		ree Water Audit So		WAS v5.0 American Water Works Associator Copyright © 2014, All Rights Reserve
Click to access definition Water Audit Report for Reporting Year	Port Huene	neme Water Department (1/2019 - 12/2019		
Please enter data in the white cells below. Where available, metered values shinput data by grading each component (n/a or 1-10) using the drop-down list to	nould be used; the left of the	; if metered values are unava e input cell. Hover the mouse	ilable please estimate a value, over the cell to obtain a descrip	Indicate your confidence in the accuracy of the otion of the grades
		to be entered as: ACRE-F	FEET PER YEAR	
To select the correct data grading for each inpu the utility meets or exceeds <u>all</u> criteria	it, determine for that grad	the highest grade where de and all grades below it.		Master Meter and Supply Error Adjustments
WATER SUPPLIED			in column 'E' and 'J'	
Volume from own sources		n/a 0,000		acre-ft/yr
Water imported Water exported		7 1,806,430 n/a 0.000		3 acre-ft/yr
				Enter negative % or value for under-registration
WATER SUPPLIED		1,806.430	acre-ft/yr	Enter positive % or value for over-registration
AUTHORIZED CONSUMPTION		4 704 000		Click here:
Billed metered Billed unmetered		6 1,704.380 0.000		for help using option buttons below
Unbilled metered	2 n	n/a 0,000		Pcnt: Value:
Unbilled unmetered	7 7	5 1,690	acre-ft/yr	1.690 acre-ft/yr
AUTHORIZED CONSUMPTION	7	1,706.070	acre-ft/yr	Use buttons to select percentage of water supplied
WATER I OCCER Minter Committed Authorized Consumption)		400 200		OR value
WATER LOSSES (Water Supplied - Authorized Consumption) Apparent Losses		100.360	acre-ft/yr	D
Unauthorized consumption	+ 2	4.516	acre-ft/yr	Pcnt: Value: 0.25% acre-ft/yr
Default option selected for unauthorized cor	sumption -			
Customer metering inaccuracies			acre-ft/yr	1.50% (acre-ft/yr
Systematic data handling errors Default option selected for Systematic da			acre-ft/yr	0.25% (acre-ft/yr
Apparent Losses	-		applied but not displayed acre-ft/yr	
			acionayi	
Real Losses (Current Annual Real Losses or CARL)				
Real Losses = Water Losses - Apparent Losses:	2	65.628	acre-ft/yr	
WATER LOSSES:		100.360	acre-ft/yr	
NON-REVENUE WATER NON-REVENUE WATER:	2	102.050		
= Water Losses + Unbilled Metered + Unbilled Unmetered		102.050	acre-ruyr	
SYSTEM DATA				
Length of mains: Number of <u>active AND inactive</u> service connections:		7 47.3 9 5.846	miles	
Service connection density:		meeter	conn./mile main	
Are customer meters typically located at the curbstop or property line?		Yes	(length of service line	e, <u>beyond</u> lhe property
Average length of customer service line: Average length of customer service line has been	eet to zero :	and a data grading score	houndary that is the	responsibility of the utility)
Average religit of customer service line has been Average operating pressure:				
COST DATA	7			A CONTRACTOR OF THE CONTRACTOR
Total annual cost of operating water system:		\$5,524,411	\$/Year	
Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses):	Annual Control		\$/100 cubic feet (ccf)	
Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses):	6	\$760.52	\$/acre-ft Use Cu	stomer Retail Unit Cost to value real losses
WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE:				
	** YOUR SC	CORE IS: 64 out of 100 ***	h	
A weighted scale for the components of consur	mption and wa	ater loss is included in the ca	lculation of the Water Audit Da	ta Validity Score
PRIORITY AREAS FOR ATTENTION:				
Based on the information provided, audit accuracy can be improved by addres	sing the follov	wing components:		
1: Water Imported)	ring components.		
2: Customer metering inaccuracies				
3: Billed metered	1			
of Bridge Historia	A.			

	AWWA Free Water Audit Software: System Attributes and Performance Indicators	WAS v5.0 American Water Works Association. Copyright © 2014, All Rights Reserved.
	Water Audit Report for: Port Hueneme Water Department (5610009) Reporting Year: 2019 1/2019 - 12/2019	
System Attributes:	*** YOUR WATER AUDIT DATA VALIDITY SCORE IS: 64 out of 100 ***	
	Apparent Losses: 34.732 acre-ft/yr	
	+ Real Losses: 65.628 acre-ft/yr	
	= Water Losses: 100.360 acre-ft/yr	
	Unavoidable Annual Real Losses (UARL): 57.10 acre-ft/yr	
	Annual cost of Apparent Losses: \$57,491	
		Variable Production Cost
	410,011	ng Worksheet to change this assumpiton
Performance Indicators:		
A STATE OF THE STA	Non-revenue water as percent by volume of Water Supplied: 5.6%	
Financial:	===	valued at Variable Production Cost
		and at variable i reduction each
	Apparent Losses per service connection per day: 5.30 gallons/connec	ction/day
0	Real Losses per service connection per day: 10.02 gallons/connec	ction/day
Operational Efficiency:	Real Losses per length of main per day*: N/A	
L	Real Losses per service connection per day per psi pressure: 0.22 gallons/connec	ction/day/psi
	From Above, Real Losses = Current Annual Real Losses (CARL): 65.63 acre-feet/year	
	Infrastructure Leakage Index (ILI) [CARL/UARL]: 1.15	
* This performance indicator applies for	systems with a low service connection density of less than 32 service connections/mile of pipeline	



AWWA Free Water Audit Software: User Comments

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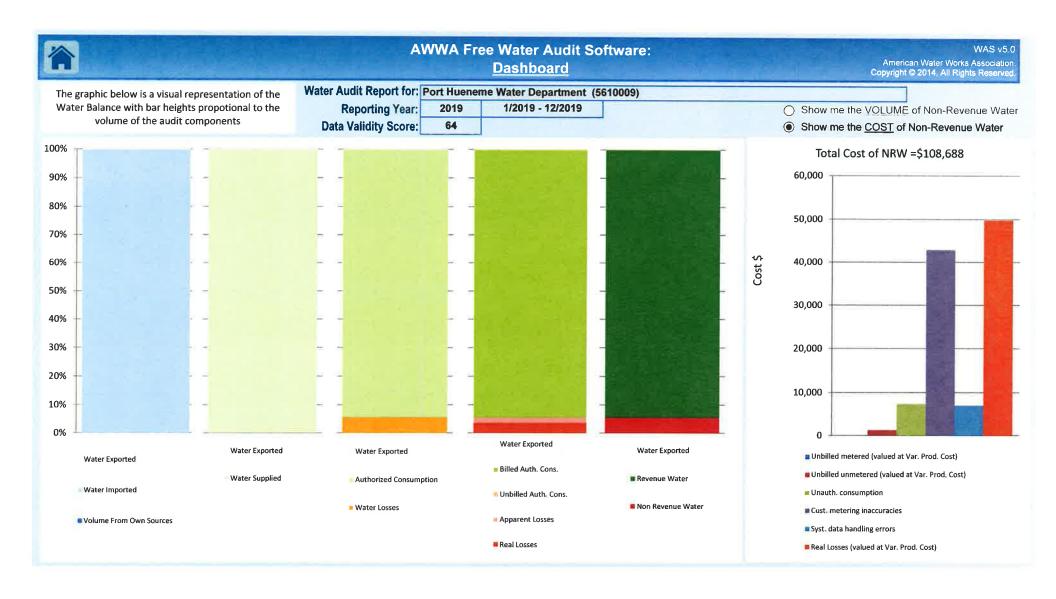
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Use this worksheet to add comments or notes to explain how an input value was calculated, or to document the sources of the information used

General Comment:	
Audit Item	Comment
Volume from own sources:	No City water system sources were used,
Vol. from own sources: Master meter error adjustment:	
Water imported:	"Port Hueneme Water Agency Pipeline Water Usage By Month" report for calendar year for CITY OF PORT HUENEME.
Water imported: master meter error adjustment:	Estimated percentage. Used same a prior year. PHWA initiated a program to replace all of their meters every 3 years. Signal calibration performed annually. PHWA is improving record management of signal calibration.
Water exported:	
Water exported: master meter error adjustment:	
	Total from (last year) Monthly Demand and Meter Count Classification spreadsheet. See Evelia. (note: meters only changed out when complete fail or customer request.)
Billed unmetered:	
Unbilled metered:	

Audit Item	Comment
<u>Unbilled unmetered:</u>	Fire Hydrant flushing or knock downs, main breaks and service leaks.
Unauthorized consumption:	
Customer metering inaccuracies:	Estimated at 1.00 %. Most meters are approximatly 10 yeasr old. Meters are replaced when customer complain occurs or when meters are not working.
Systematic data handling errors:	Default 0,25%
Length of mains:	Data from 2011 Master Plan. H T E software is used to manage valves, hydrants and meters asstes. As-built documented for pipes.
Number of active AND inactive service connections:	Data from " 2019 Monthly Demand and Meter Count Classification".
Average length of customer service line:	
Average operating pressure:	Pressure recorders at Wells 4A and 6A.
Total annual cost of operating water system:	Budget 441 report for 18/19 (First 6 months) and 19/20 (Second 6 Months). Annual 3rd party and internal staff audits performed.
Customer retail unit cost (applied to Apparent Losses):	Current rate structures, New rates starting 2020
Variable production cost (applied to Real Losses):	COPH variable cost from "Fixed and variable Rates (Costs) for FY 2019-20. Contact Tonie Alix at Finance.

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		Port Hueneme Water Department (56	ater Audit Report for:	Wa		
	1/2019 - 12/2019	2019	Reporting Year:			
		64	Data Validity Score:			
Revenue Water 0.000	Billed Water Exported			Water Exported 0.000		
Revenue Water	Billed Metered Consumption (water exported is removed) 1,704.380	Billed Authorized Consumption				
1,704.380	Billed Unmetered Consumption 0.000	1,704.380	Authorized Consumption		Own Sources (Adjusted for known	
Non-Revenue Water (NRW)	Unbilled Metered Consumption 0.000	Unbilled Authorized Consumption	1,706.070	1,706.070		errors)
	Unbilled Unmetered Consumption 1.690	1.690				0.000
102.050	Unauthorized Consumption 4.516	Apparent Losses		Water Supplied	System Input 1,806.430	
	Customer Metering Inaccuracies 25.955	34.732	1,806.430			
	Systematic Data Handling Errors 4.261		Water Losses			
	Leakage on Transmission and/or Distribution Mains Not broken down	Real Losses	100.360			Water Imported
	Leakage and Overflows at Utility's Storage Tanks	65.628			1,806.430	
	Not broken down Leakage on Service Connections Not broken down					





AWWA Free Water Audit Software: Determining Water Loss Standing

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Water Audit Report for: Port Hueneme Water Department (5610009) 1/2019 - 12/2019 Reporting Year: 2019 Data Validity Score: 64

Water Loss Control Planning Guide							
		Water Audit Data Validity Level / Score					
Functional Focus Area	Level I (0-25)	Level II (26-50)	Level III (51-70)	Level IV (71-90)	Level V (91-100)		
Audit Data Collection	Launch auditing and loss control team; address production metering deficiencies	Analyze business process for customer metering and billing functions and water supply operations. Identify data gaps.	Establish/revise policies and procedures for data collection	Refine data collection practices and establish as routine business process	Annual water audit is a reliable gauge of year-to-year water efficiency standing		
Short-term loss control	Research information on leak detection programs. Begin flowcharting analysis of customer billing system	Conduct loss assessment investigations on a sample portion of the system: customer meter testing, leak survey, unauthorized consumption, etc.	Establish ongoing mechanisms for customer meter accuracy testing, active leakage control and infrastructure monitoring	Refine, enhance or expand ongoing programs based upon economic justification	Stay abreast of improvements in metering, meter reading, billing, leakage management and infrastructure rehabilitation		
Long-term loss control		Begin to assess long-term needs requiring large expenditure: customer meter replacement, water main replacement program, new customer billing system or Automatic Meter Reading (AMR) system.	Begin to assemble economic business case for long-term needs based upon improved data becoming available through the water audit process.	Conduct detailed planning, budgeting and launch of comprehensive improvements for metering, billing or infrastructure management	Continue incremental improvements in short-term and long-term loss control interventions		
Target-setting			Establish long-term apparent and real loss reduction goals (+10 year horizon)	Establish mid-range (5 year horizon) apparent and real loss reduction goals	Evaluate and refine loss control goals on a yearly basis		
Benchmarking			Preliminary Comparisons - can begin to rely upon the Infrastructure Leakage Index (ILI) for performance comparisons for real losses (see below table)	Performance Benchmarking - ILI is meaningful in comparing real loss standing	Identify Best Practices/ Best in class - the ILI is very reliable as a real loss performance indicator for best in class service		
For validity scores of 50 or below, the shaded blocks should not be focus areas until better data validity is achieved.							

Once data have been entered into the Reporting Worksheet, the performance indicators are automatically calculated. How does a water utility operator know how well his or her system is performing? The AWWA Water Loss Control Committee provided the following table to assist water utilities is gauging an approximate Infrastructure Leakage Index (ILI) that is appropriate for their water system and local conditions. The lower the amount of leakage and real losses that exist in the system, then the lower the ILI value will be.

Note: this table offers an approximate guideline for leakage reduction target-setting. The best means of setting such targets include performing an economic assessment of various loss control methods. However, this table is useful if such an assessment is not possible.

General Guidelines for Setting a Target ILI (without doing a full economic analysis of leakage control options)					
Target ILI Range	Financial Considerations	Operational Considerations	Water Resources Considerations		
1.0 - 3.0	Water resources are costly to develop or purchase; ability to increase revenues via water rates is greatly limited because of regulation or low ratepayer affordability.	Operating with system leakage above this level would require expansion of existing infrastructure and/or additional water resources to meet the demand.	Available resources are greatly limited and are very difficult and/or environmentally unsound to develop.		
>3.0 -5.0	Water resources can be developed or purchased at reasonable expense; periodic water rate increases can be feasibly imposed and are tolerated by the customer population.	Existing water supply infrastructure capability is sufficient to meet long-term demand as long as reasonable leakage management controls are in place.	Water resources are believed to be sufficient to meet long-term needs, but demand management interventions (leakage management, water conservation) are included in the long-term		
>5.0 - 8.0	Cost to purchase or obtain/treat water is low, as are rates charged to customers.	Superior reliability, capacity and integrity of the water supply infrastructure make it relatively immune to supply shortages.	Water resources are plentiful, reliable, and easily extracted.		
Greater than 8.0	Although operational and financial considerations may allow a long-term ILI greater than 8.0, such a level of leakage is not an effective utilization of water as a resource. Setting a target level greater than 8.0 - other than as an incremental goal to a smaller long-term target - is discouraged.				
If the calculated Infrastructure Leakage Index (ILI) value for your system is 1.0 or less, two possibilities exist. a) you are maintaining your leakage at low levels in a class with the top worldwide performers in leakage control. b) A portion of your data may be flawed, causing your losses to be greatly understated. This is likely if you calculate a low ILI value but do not employ extensive leakage control practices in your operations. In such cases it is beneficial to validate the data by performing field measurements to confirm the accuracy of production and customer meters, or to identify any other potential sources of error in the data.					